CGC

SAFETY DATA SHEET

1. Identification

Product identifier CGC Sheetrock® Brand Ultracode® Core Gypsum Panels

Other means of identification

SDS number 54001002505

Synonyms Gypsum Panels, Drywall, Plasterboard, Wallboard

Recommended use Interior use.

Recommended restrictionsUse in accordance with manufacturer's recommendations.

Manufacturer/Importer/Supplier/Distributor information

Company name CGC Inc.

Address 350 Burnhamthorpe Road West, 5th Floor

Mississauga, Ontario L5B 3J1

A Subsidiary of USG Corporation

Telephone 1-800-387-2690
Website www.cgcinc.com
Emergency phone number 1-800-507-8899

2. Hazard(s) identification

Physical hazards Not classified.
Health hazards Not classified.
Environmental hazards Not classified.

Label elements

Hazard symbol None.
Signal word None.
Hazard statement None.

Precautionary statements

PreventionObserve good industrial hygiene practices.ResponseGet medical attention/advice if you feel unwell.

Storage Store as indicated in Section 7.

Disposal Dispose of in accordance with federal, provincial and local regulations.

Other hazards None known.

Supplemental information None.

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Mixtures

The components are not hazardous or are below required disclosure limits.

Composition comments The gypsum used to manufacture these panels contains respirable crystalline silica ranging up to

0.73 percent by weight, depending on source, as indicated by bulk sampling methods. Industrial hygiene testing using both personal and area sampling measured no detectable respirable crystalline silica when cutting the product by "score and snap," rotary saw, or circular saw. Good

work practices which minimize the extent of dust generation should be followed.

4. First-aid measures

Inhalation Dust irritates the respiratory system, and may cause coughing and difficulties in breathing. Move

injured person into fresh air and keep person calm under observation. Get medical attention if

symptoms persist.

Skin contactContact with dust: Rinse area with plenty of water. Get medical attention if irritation develops or

persists.

Eye contact Dust in the eyes: Do not rub eyes. Flush thoroughly with water. If irritation occurs, get medical

assistance.

CGC Sheetrock® Brand Ultracode® Core Gypsum Panels
933058 Version #: 01 Revision date: - Issue date: 30-March-2016

Ingestion Rinse mouth. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and

toms/effects, acute and irritate throat and respiratory system and cause coughing.

delayed

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Provide general supportive measures and treat symptomatically.

treatment needed

5. Fire-fighting measures

Suitable extinguishing media

Unsuitable extinguishing

General information

media

Use fire-extinguishing media appropriate for surrounding materials.

Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved.

Not applicable.

Specific hazards arising from

the chemical

Not a fire hazard.

Special protective equipment and precautions for firefighters

Selection of respiratory protection for firefighting: follow the general fire precautions indicated in the workplace. Self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing must be worn in case of fire.

Under normal conditions of intended use, this material does not pose a risk to health. Dust may

Fire fighting Use standard

equipment/instructions

Use standard firefighting procedures and consider the hazards of other involved materials.

Specific methodsCool material exposed to heat with water spray and remove it if no risk is involved.

6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures See Section 8 of the SDS for Personal Protective Equipment.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

No specific clean-up procedure noted. For waste disposal, see section 13 of the SDS.

Environmental precautions

Avoid discharge to drains, sewers, and other water systems.

7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Use work methods which minimise dust production. Avoid inhalation of dust and contact with skin and eyes. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment. Wash hands after handling. Observe good industrial hygiene practices. When moving board with a forklift or similar equipment, it is essential that the equipment be rated capable of handling the loads. The forks should always be long enough to extend completely through the width of the load. Fork spacing between supports should be one half the length of the panels or base being handled so that a maximum of 4' extends beyond the supports on either end.

Follow traditional building practices; such as management of water away from the interior of the structure to avoid the growth of mold, mildew and fungus. Remove any building products suspected of being exposed to sustained moisture and considered conducive to mold growth from the job site. Gypsum panels are very heavy, awkward loads posing the risk of severe back injury. Use proper lifting techniques.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in a cool, dry, well-ventilated place. Store away from incompatible materials. Protect product from physical damage. Protect from weather and prevent exposure to sustained moisture. Gypsum Association literature (GA-801-07) recommends storing board flat to avoid damaging edges, warping the board and the potential safety hazards of the board falling over. However, in other situations, storing the board flat may cause a tripping hazard or exceed floor limit loads. If stacking board vertically, leave at least 4 inches from the wall to decrease the risk of falling board and no more than 6 inches to avoid too much lateral weight against the wall.

Provide sufficient ventilation for operations causing dust formation. Observe occupational

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Occupational exposure limits

No exposure limits noted for ingredient(s).

Biological limit values

No biological exposure limits noted for the ingredient(s).

Appropriate engineering

exposure limits and minimise the risk of exposure.

controls

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

Eye/face protection

Wear approved safety goggles.

CGC Sheetrock® Brand Ultracode® Core Gypsum Panels
933058 Version #: 01 Revision date: - Issue date: 30-March-2016

Skin protection

It is a good industrial hygiene practice to minimise skin contact. For prolonged or repeated skin Hand protection

contact use suitable protective gloves.

Normal work clothing (long sleeved shirts and long pants) is recommended. Other

If engineering controls do not maintain airborne concentrations below recommended exposure Respiratory protection

limits (where applicable) or to an acceptable level (in countries where exposure limits have not been established), an approved respirator must be worn. Use a NIOSH/MSHA approved air purifying respirator as needed to control exposure. Consult with respirator manufacturer to determine respirator selection, use, and limitations. Use positive pressure air supplied respirator for uncontrolled releases or when air purifying respirator limitations may be exceeded. Follow respirator protection program requirements (OSHA 1910.134 and ANSI Z88.2) for all respirator

use. Observe any medical surveillance requirements.

Thermal hazards

General hygiene considerations

Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants. Observe any medical surveillance requirements.

9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance Paper faced with gypsum core.

Solid. Physical state Panel. **Form**

Colour Gray to off-white. Low to no odour. Odour **Odour threshold** Not applicable.

6 - 8 pН

Not applicable. Melting point/freezing point Initial boiling point and boiling Not applicable.

range

Flash point Not applicable. **Evaporation rate** Not applicable. Flammability (solid, gas) Not applicable. Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits

Flammability limit - lower

(%)

Not applicable.

Flammability limit - lower

(%) temperature

Not applicable.

Flammability limit - upper

Not applicable.

Flammability limit - upper

(%) temperature

Not applicable.

Explosive limit - lower (%)

Not applicable.

Explosive limit - lower (%)

temperature

Not applicable.

Explosive limit - upper

(%)

Not applicable.

Explosive limit - upper (%)

Not applicable.

temperature

Not applicable. Vapour pressure Vapour density Not applicable.

2.32 (Gypsum) (H2O=1) Relative density

Solubility(ies)

0.26 g/100 g (H2O) Solubility (water) Partition coefficient Not applicable.

(n-octanol/water)

Not applicable. **Auto-ignition temperature**

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1450 °C (2642 °F) **Decomposition temperature** Viscosity Not applicable.

Other information

720 kg/m3 (45 lb/ft3) **Bulk density Explosive limit** Not applicable. Not applicable. **Flammability** Flammability class Not applicable.

Particle size Varies. VOC (Weight %) 0 %

10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity The product is stable and non reactive under normal conditions of storage and transport.

Chemical stability Material is stable under normal conditions. Hazardous polymerisation does not occur. Possibility of hazardous

reactions

Conditions to avoid Contact with incompatible materials. Incompatible materials Strong oxidising agents. Strong acids.

Hazardous decomposition Calcium oxides, carbon dioxide, and carbon monoxide.

products

11. Toxicological information

Information on likely routes of exposure

Inhalation Mechanical processing may generate dust. Gypsum dust has an irritant action on mucous

membranes of the upper respiratory tract and eyes (1).

Under normal conditions of intended use, this material does not pose a skin hazard. Gypsum was Skin contact

not found to be a skin irritant (2).

Eye contact Mechanical processing may generate dust. Direct contact with eyes may cause temporary

irritation (1).

Ingestion Not likely, due to the form of the product.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics Under normal conditions of intended use, this material does not pose a risk to health.

Information on toxicological effects

Low hazard. **Acute toxicity**

Skin corrosion/irritation Gypsum was not found to be a skin irritant (2).

Gypsum does not cause serious eye damage or irritation. Serious eye damage/eye

irritation

Respiratory or skin sensitisation

Respiratory sensitisation No data available, but based on results from the skin sensitization study, calcium sulfate is not

expected to be a respiratory sensitizer.

Skin sensitisation Not a skin sensitizer (2).

No evidence of mutagenic potential exists (3,4,5). Germ cell mutagenicity Carcinogenicity No evidence of carcinogenic potential exists (6). Reproductive toxicity No evidence of reproductive toxicity exists (2).

Specific target organ toxicity -

single exposure

933058

Not toxic to lung tissue.

Revision date: - Issue date: 30-March-2016

Specific target organ toxicity -

Version #: 01

repeated exposure

Not toxic to lung tissue (6).

Aspiration hazard Due to the physical form of the product it is not an aspiration hazard.

Further information Pre-existing skin and respiratory conditions including dermatitis, asthma and chronic lung disease

might be aggravated by exposure.

12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicity The product components are not classified as environmentally hazardous. However, this does not

exclude the possibility that large or frequent spills can have a harmful or damaging effect on the

environment.

Persistence and degradability Not applicable for the salt of inorganic compounds. Calcium sulfate dissolves in water without

undergoing chemical degradation.

Bioaccumulative potential Bioaccumulation is not expected.

Mobility in soil Calcium sulfate has a low potential for adsorption to soil. If water is applied, gypsum dissolves and

the calcium and sulfate ions are mobile and penetrate the subsoil (7).

Other adverse effects None expected.

13. Disposal considerations

Disposal instructions Dispose of in accordance with federal, provincial and local regulations. Recycle responsibly.

Local disposal regulations Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

Hazardous waste code Not regulated.

Waste from residues / unused

products

Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

Contaminated packaging Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

14. Transport information

TDG

Not regulated as dangerous goods.

IATA

Not regulated as dangerous goods.

IMDG

Not regulated as dangerous goods.

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code Not applicable. This product is a solid. Therefore, bulk transport is governed by IMSBC code.

15. Regulatory information

Canadian regulations This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the HPR and the SDS

contains all the information required by the HPR.

Controlled Drugs and Substances Act

Not regulated.

Export Control List (CEPA 1999, Schedule 3)

Not listed.

Greenhouse Gases

Not listed.

Precursor Control Regulations

Not regulated.

International regulations

Stockholm Convention

Not applicable.

Rotterdam Convention

Not applicable.

Kyoto protocol

Not applicable.

Montreal Protocol

Not applicable.

Basel Convention

Not applicable.

16. Other information

Issue date 30-March-2016

Revision date -

CGC Sheetrock® Brand Ultracode® Core Gypsum Panels
933058 Version #: 01 Revision date: - Issue date: 30-March-2016

Version No. 01

Hazard Scale: 0 = Minimal 1 = Slight 2 = Moderate 3 = Serious 4 = Severe **Further information**

NFPA ratings

Flammability: 0 Instability: 0

NFPA ratings



List of abbreviations

NFPA: National Fire Protection Association.

References 1. US National Library of Medicine (NLM) (1998). Hazardous Substances Data Bank (HSDB).

2. Tested by LG Life Science/Toxicology Center, Korea (2002). National Institute of Environmental

Research (NIER).

3. Dopp E et al. (1995). Environ. Health Perspect. 103(3), 268-271.

4. Cremer H.H. et al. (1988). Wiss. Umwelt. 4, 202-205.

5. Fujita H et al. (1988). Kenkya Nenpo-Tokyo-Toritsu Eisei Kenkynsho. 39, 343-350.

6. Clouter et al. (1998). Inhal. Toxicol. 10, 3-14.

7. Shainberg et al. (1989). Advanced Soil Sci. 9, 1-111.

Disclaimer This information is provided without warranty. The information is believed to be correct. This

information should be used to make an independent determination of the methods to safeguard

workers and the environment.

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933058 Version #: 01 Revision date: - Issue date: 30-March-2016